

	12	18	2.6	6253	20	AAH13097	Enterococcus faeca
C	13	18	2.6	1038602	20	AAZ01425	Complete genome s
C	14	17	2.5	156	22	AAI19482	Probe #9415 for ge
C	15	17	2.5	156	22	AAI120472	Probe #10405 for g
C	16	17	2.5	156	22	AAI144677	Probe #13363 used
C	17	17	2.5	156	22	AAI145679	Probe #14365 used
C	18	17	2.5	156	22	AAI05210	Probe #5201 used t
C	19	17	2.5	156	22	AAI061170	Probe #6161 used t
C	20	17	2.5	296	18	AAV76820	Staphylococcus aur
C	21	17	2.5	390	21	AAA67203	Pinus radiata alph
C	22	17	2.5	418	21	AAA67201	Pinus radiata alph
C	23	17	2.5	441	21	AAAG7198	Pinus radiata alph
C	24	17	2.5	443	22	AAH35681	Human colon cancer
C	25	17	2.5	460	22	AAI15848	Probe #5781 for ge
C	26	17	2.5	460	22	AAI37733	Probe #6419 used t
C	27	17	2.5	479	22	AAI10199	Probe #132 for gen
C	28	17	2.5	479	22	AAI13451	Probe #137 used to
C	29	17	2.5	479	22	AAI00144	Probe #135 used to
C	30	17	2.5	481	21	AAA67199	Pinus radiata alph
C	31	17	2.5	488	22	AAI11251	Probe #1184 for ge
C	32	17	2.5	488	22	AAI32517	Probe #1203 used t
C	33	17	2.5	488	22	AAI01166	Probe #1157 used t
C	34	17	2.5	955	20	AAAX57430	Rat U3 gene trap d
C	35	17	2.5	1163	21	AAAC39227	Araldipopsis thalia
C	36	17	2.5	1299	21	AAF07517	Fusarium venenatum
C	37	17	2.5	1309	22	AAI61059	Human polynucleoti
C	38	17	2.5	1331	22	AAIS8273	Human polynucleoti
C	39	17	2.5	1355	9	AAAN82025	Fragment containin
C	40	17	2.5	1597	12	AAO10867	T18 oncogene. Mus
C	41	17	2.5	1597	12	AAO14048	Human OT18 clone p
C	42	17	2.5	1652	21	AAAC6935	Human secreted pro
C	43	17	2.5	2127	22	AAH13909	Human cDNA sequenc
C	44	17	2.5	2197	22	AAH18389	Human cDNA sequenc
C	45	17	2.5	2259	22	AAH52477	S. epidermidis ope

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT	1
AAF24903	
ID	AAF24903 standard; cDNA; 681 BP.
XX	
AC	AAF24903:
XX	
DT	20-APR-2001 (first entry)
XX	
DE	Nucleotide sequence of a human SGT4-2 polypeptide.
XX	
KW	Human; SGT4; signal transduction; guanosine triphosphate binding protein;
KM	GTP binding protein; cancer; immune response; nutritional source;
KW	animal feed; ss.
XX	
OS	Homo sapiens.
XX	
FH	key
FT	Location/Qualifiers
FT	1..681
FT	/tag= "a
FT	/product= "SGT4"
XX	
PN	WO200078959-A1.
XX	
PD	28-DEC-2000.
XX	
PF	22-JUN-2000; 2000MO-US17248.
XX	
PR	23-JUN-1999; 99US-0140627.
XX	
PA	(LEXI-) LEXICON GENETICS INC.
PI	Turner AC, Zambrowsicz B, Nehls M, Friedrich GA, Sands AT;
RR	WPI; 2001-032329/04.

DR P-PSDB; AAB31564.

XX New SGT4 genes and proteins, useful for diagnosing and treating
PT disorders involving inappropriate regulation of a signal transduction
PT mechanism e.g. cancer -
XX
XX
PS Claim 1; Fig 3; 82pp: English.

CC The present sequence encodes a human SGT4 polypeptide. SGT4 polypeptides
CC are involved in signal transduction pathways regulated by guanosine
CC triphosphate (GTP) binding proteins). SGT4 polynucleotides and
CC polypeptides are for diagnosing and treating conditions related to a
CC signal transduction mechanism involving SGT4 such as cancer. In
CC addition, it can be used to detect the expression of SGT4 as markers of
CC specific cells and tissues such as neuronal tissue, heart, liver,
CC pancreas and adrenal gland. They are also useful for the construction of
CC transgenic and knockout animals for studying SGT4 function in vivo and
CC for the screening of SGT4 (antagonists in an animal model. Other more
CC general uses include: as molecular weight markers on Southern gels; as
CC chromosome markers or tags; as probes; for selecting and making
CC oligomers for attachment to a gene chip; to raise anti-protein or
CC anti-DNA antibodies or to elicit immune response. They are also
CC also be used as nutritional sources or supplements such as in animal
CC feed.

XX Sequence 681 BP, 212 A; 138 C; 142 G; 189 T; 0 other;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 681; DB 22; Length 681;

Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0;
Matches 681; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 1 atgagaatctggaatcgcgaacaaacaaatcacaatctccagcagaatcggtgt 60
DB 1 atgagaatctggaatcgcgaacaaacaaatcacaatctccagcagaatcggtgt 60
OY 61 ttgaagaacctgaagaatcaatgtggtttcaactatctaaagagcttccccaaga 120
DB 61 ttgaagaacctgaagaatcaatgtggtttcaactatctaaagagcttccccaaga 120
OY 121 ttggaagatctggaatcagagagactggtttctcggaatcctaataatgtgag 180
DB 121 ttggaagatctggaatcagagagactggtttctcggaatcctaataatgtgag 180
OY 181 ctgaccttgaatgaatattgaagcaagtacattgttagatactcagcaacaag 240
DB 181 ctgaccttgaatgaatattgaagcaagtacattgttagatactcagcaacaag 240
OY 241 ttcttcaggtcccaatctgctcgtcgatgctgaatttcagtgtgtatctagc 300
DB 241 ttcttcaggtcccaatctgctcgtcgatgctgaatttcagtgtgtatctagc 300
OY 301 agcaataacctgaccgacctgcgcgaagatagacaggtctgagagctgagagctt 360
DB 301 agcaataacctgaccgacctgcgcgaagatagacaggtctgagagctgagagctt 360
OY 361 ctctgtataaacaagttgacctactccttccattccatctgtaacctgaagaagctc 420
DB 361 ctctgtataaacaagttgacctactccttccattccatctgtaacctgaagaagctc 420
OY 421 actcgttagtctgtaggggagcattgtgtgagctcccaacgaccttgttactca 480
DB 421 actcgttagtctgtaggggagcattgtgtgagctcccaacgaccttgttactca 480
OY 481 tccacaaccttaaatctgtaagccttatgacacatccatctgataatgccaagtgtga 540
DB 481 tccacaaccttaaatctgtaagccttatgacacatccatctgataatgccaagtgtga 540
OY 541 gatggcaatgaataatggaagtgaaacgggacgcgaacatttggataaagaattatg 600
DB 541 gatggcaatgaataatggaagtgaaacgggacgcgaacatttggataaagaattatg 600
OY 601 aaagctatatatgaagaccttaagaagaagagatctgttccagctataccccaagtgc 660

DB 601 aaagctatatatgaagaccttaagaagaagagatctgttccagctataccccaagtgc 660
OY 661 tctttaagcctcaacttga 681
DB 661 tctttaagcctcaacttga 681

RESULT 2

AAE24902
ID AAF24902 standard; cDNA; 1116 BP.

AC AAF24902;

DT 20-APR-2001 (first entry)

DE Nucleotide sequence of a human SGT4-1 polypeptide.

KW Human; SGT4; signal transduction; guanosine triphosphate binding protein;

KW GTP binding protein; cancer; immune response; nutritional source;

KW animal feed; ss.

OS Homo sapiens.

FT Key Location/Qualifiers

FT CDS 1..1116

FT /*tag= a

FT /product= "SGT4"

PN WO200078959-A1.

PD 28-DEC-2000.

PF 22-JUN-2000; 2000WO-US17248.

PR 23-JUN-1999; 99US-0140627.

PA (LEXI-) LEXICON GENETICS INC.

PI Turner AC, Zambrowicz B, Nehls M, Friedrich GA, Sands AT;

DR WPI; 2001-032329/04.

PS P-PSDB; AAB31563.

PT New SGT4 genes and proteins, useful for diagnosing and treating

PT disorders involving inappropriate regulation of a signal transduction

PT mechanism e.g. cancer -

XX Claim 1; Fig 1; 82pp: English.

XX The present sequence encodes a human SGT4 polypeptide. SGT4 polypeptides
XX are involved in signal transduction pathways regulated by guanosine
XX triphosphate (GTP) binding proteins). SGT4 polynucleotides and
XX polypeptides are for diagnosing and treating conditions related to a
XX signal transduction mechanism involving SGT4 such as cancer. In
XX addition, it can be used to detect the expression of SGT4 as markers of
XX specific cells and tissues such as neuronal tissue, heart, liver,
XX pancreas and adrenal gland. They are also useful for the construction of
XX transgenic and knockout animals for studying SGT4 function in vivo and
XX for the screening of SGT4 (antagonists in an animal model. Other more
XX general uses include: as molecular weight markers on Southern gels; as
XX chromosome markers or tags; as probes; for selecting and making
XX oligomers for attachment to a gene chip; to raise anti-protein or
XX anti-DNA antibodies or to elicit immune response. They are also
XX also be used as nutritional sources or supplements such as in animal
XX feed.

Sequence 1116 BP; 343 A; 224 C; 265 G; 284 T; 0 other;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 681; DB 22; Length 1116;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 0;
Matches 681; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

```

QY 1 atgagaatctggtatctgccccaaaaaacatctcacatcttcacgagaaatcgtgtg 60
   |||||||
Db 436 atgagaatctggtatctgccccaaaaaacatctcacatcttcacgagaaatcgtgtg 495
QY 61 ttgaagaacctgaagaactcaatgtggtttcaactatctgaagagacattccctcaga 120
   |||||||
Db 496 ttgaagaacctgaagaactcaatgtggtttcaactatctgaagagacattccctcaga 555
QY 121 ttggagattgtgaaaaactagagagagatgtgtcttggaatccagatattgaag 180
   |||||||
Db 556 ttggagattgtgaaaaactagagagagatgtgtcttggaatccagatattgaag 615
QY 181 ctgccccttgaatgaatgaattgaagcaagattacattttagatatctcagaacaaag 240
   |||||||
Db 616 ctgccccttgaatgaatgaattgaagcaagattacattttagatatctcagaacaaag 675
QY 241 ttctcaagtgctccaactctgtctcctcggaatgtcgaaatttcagtggttgatatacg 300
   |||||||
Db 676 ttctcaagtgctccaactctgtctcctcggaatgtcgaaatttcagtggttgatatacg 735
QY 301 agcaataacctgacccgacctcgccgaagatagacagggctagagagagctgcagagctt 360
   |||||||
Db 736 agcaataacctgacccgacctcgccgaagatagacagggctagagagagctgcagagctt 795
QY 361 ctctgtataaaaaaagaagttgacctacatccctatctcctgctgaacctgaagaagctc 420
   |||||||
Db 796 ctctgtataaaaaaagaagttgacctacatccctatctcctgctgaacctgaagaagctc 855
QY 421 actctgttagctgcagtgggagaccatttggtagagctcccaactgaccttggtagacta 480
   |||||||
Db 856 actctgttagctgcagtgggagaccatttggtagagctcccaactgaccttggtagacta 915
QY 481 tccacacctttaaatgttgaagacctatgaacatctcattatgataatgcccaatgtgaa 540
   |||||||
Db 916 tccacacctttaaatgttgaagacctatgaacatctcattatgataatgcccaatgtgaa 975
QY 541 gacggcaatgaataatgaagaagtgaacgggacgcgaacatttgaataagaagttatg 600
   |||||||
Db 976 gacggcaatgaataatgaagaagtgaacgggacgcgaacatttgaataagaagttatg 1035
QY 601 aaagcctatatgtgaagaccttaagaagaagaatctgttccacgctataccaccagaagt 660
   |||||||
Db 1036 aaagcctatatgtgaagaccttaagaagaagaatctgttccacgctataccaccagaagt 1095
QY 661 tcttttagccttcaacttga 681
   |||||||
Db 1096 tcttttagccttcaacttga 1116

```

RESULT 3

AAH17218
ID AAH17218 standard; cDNA; 2056 BP.
XX
AC AAH17218;
XX
DT 26-JUN-2001 (first entry)
XX
DE Human cDNA sequence SEQ ID NO:16594.
XX
KW Human; primer; detection; diagnosis; antisense therapy; gene therapy; ss.
XX
OS Homo sapiens.
XX
PN EP1074617-A2.
XX
PD 07-FEB-2001.
XX
PF 28-JUL-2000; 2000EP-0116126.
XX
PR 29-JUL-1999; 99JP-0248036.
PR 27-AUG-1999; 99JP-0300253.
PR 11-JAN-2000; 2000JP-0118776.

```

PR 02-MAY-2000; 2000JP-0183767.  
PR 09-JUN-2000; 2000JP-0241899.  
XX  
PA (HELI-) HELIX RES INSTR.  
XX  
PI Ota T, Isogai T, Nishikawa T, Hayashi K, Saito K, Yamamoto J;  
PI Ishii S, Sugiyama T, Wakamatsu A, Nagai K, Otsuki T;  
XX  
DR WPI; 2001-318749/34.  
XX  
PT Primer sets for synthesizing polynucleotides, particularly the 5602  
PT full-length cDNAs defined in the specification, and for the detection  
PT and/or diagnosis of the abnormality of the proteins encoded by the  
PT full-length cDNAs -  
XX  
PS Claim 8; SEQ ID 16594; 2537bp + CD ROM; English.  
XX  
CC The present invention describes primer sets for synthesizing 5602  
CC full-length cDNAs defined in the specification. Where a primer set  
CC comprises: (a) an oligo-dT primer and an oligonucleotide complementary  
CC to the complementary strand of a polynucleotide which comprises one of  
CC the 5602 nucleotide sequences defined in the specification, where the  
CC oligonucleotide comprises at least 15 nucleotides; or (b) a combination  
CC of an oligonucleotide comprising a sequence complementary to the  
CC complementary strand of a polynucleotide which comprises a 5'-end  
CC sequence and an oligonucleotide comprising a sequence complementary to a  
CC polynucleotide which comprises a 3'-end sequence, where the  
CC oligonucleotide comprises at least 15 nucleotides and the combination of  
CC the 5'-end sequence/3'-end sequence is selected from those defined in  
CC the specification. The primer sets can be used in antisense therapy and  
CC in gene therapy. The primers are useful for synthesizing polynucleotides,  
CC particularly full-length cDNAs. The primers are also useful for the  
CC detection and/or diagnosis of the abnormality of the proteins encoded by  
CC the full-length cDNAs. The primers allow obtaining of the full-length  
CC cDNAs easily without any specialised methods. AAH0316 to AAH13628 and  
CC AAH13633 to AAH18742 represent human cDNA sequences; AAB92446 to  
CC AAB95893 represent human amino acid sequences; and AAH13629 to AAH13632  
CC represent oligonucleotides, all of which are used in the exemplification  
CC of the present invention.  
XX  
SQ Sequence 2056 BP; 642 A; 394 C; 495 G; 525 T; 0 other;  


```

Query Match 18.9%; Score 129; DB 22; Length 2056;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 4,2e-55;
Matches 129; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

```

QY 553 ataatggaagtgaaagcggaatcgccaacatttgaataaagaattatgaagcctatat 612
   |||||||
Db 1294 ataatggaagtgaaagcggaatcgccaacatttgaataaagaattatgaagcctatat 1353
QY 613 gaagaccttaagaagaagaatctgttccacgctataccaccagaagtgcttttagcct 672
   |||||||
Db 1354 gaagaccttaagaagaagaatctgttccacgctataccaccagaagtgcttttagcct 1413
QY 673 caacttga 681
   |||||||
Db 1414 caacttga 1422

```

RESULT 4

AAC00689
ID AAC00689 standard; cDNA; 327 BP.
XX
AC AAC00689;
XX
DT 06-OCT-2000 (first entry)
XX
DE Human secreted protein 5' EST, SEQ ID NO: 687.
XX
KW Human; 5' EST; expressed sequence tag; secreted protein; cDNA isolation;
KW gene therapy; chromosome mapping; ss.
XX

XX	Homo sapiens.
XX	
PN	EPI033401-A2.
XX	
PD	06-SEP-2000.
XX	
PF	21-FEB-2000; 2000EP-0200610.
XX	
PR	26-FEB-1999; 99US-0122487.
XX	
PA	(GENSET) GENSET.
PI	
DR	Dumas ,Mline Edwards J, Duclert A, Giordano J;
DR	WPI: 2000-500381/45.
XX	
XX	P-PSDB; AAG00683.
PT	
PT	New nucleic acid that is a 5' expressed sequence tag (5' EST) for
PT	obtaining cDNAs and genomic DNAs that correspond to 5'ESTs and for
PT	diagnostic, forensic, gene therapy and chromosome mapping procedures -
PS	
PS	Claim 1; SEQ ID 687; 71pp + CD-ROM; English.
XX	
XX	The present sequence is one of a large number of 5' ESTs derived from
CC	mRNAs encoding secreted proteins. An ORF has been identified within the
CC	sequence. The 5' ESTs were prepared from total human RNAs or polyA+ RNAs
CC	derived from 30 different tissues. EST sequences usually correspond
CC	mainly to the 3' untranslated region (UTR) of the mRNA because they are
CC	often obtained from oligo-dT primed cDNA libraries. Such ESTs are not
CC	well suited for isolating cDNA sequences derived from the 5' ends of
CC	mRNAs and even in those cases where longer cDNA sequences have been
CC	obtained, the full 5' UTR is rarely included. 5' ESTs are derived from
CC	mRNAs with intact 5' ends and can therefore be used to obtain full length
CC	cDNAs and genomic DNAs. 5' ESTs are also used in diagnostic, forensic,
CC	gene therapy and chromosome mapping procedures. They are used to obtain
CC	upstream regulatory sequences and to design expression and secretion
CC	vectors.
XX	
XX	
XX	Sequence 327 BP; 121 A; 48 C; 85 G; 73 T; 0 other;

```

Query Match      2.8%; Score 19; DB 21; Length 327;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 9.5;
Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0.

QY      62   tgaagaacctgaagaact 80
          ||||||||||||||||
Db       88   tgaagaacctgaagaact 106

RESULT      5
AAC06478.
ID AAC06478 standard; cDNA; 413 BP.
XX
AAC06478;
AC
XX
DT
XX
DE
XX
KW Human secreted protein 5' EST, SEQ ID NO: 10553.
XX
XX Human; 5' EST; expressed sequence tag; secreted protein; cDNA isolation;
   gene therapy; chromosome mapping; ss.
XX
OS Homo sapiens.
XX
XX
PN EP1033401-A2.
XX
XX
PD 06-SEP-2000.
XX
PF 21-FEB-2000; 2000EP-0200610.
XX
PR 26-FEB-1999; 99US-0122487.
XX
XX

```

PA (GSEST) GENSET.
 XX
 PT Dumas Milne Edwards J, Duclert A, Giordano J;
 DR WPI; 2000-500381/45.
 XX
 PT New nucleic acid that is a 5' expressed sequence tag (5' EST) for
 PT obtaining cDNAs and genomic DNAs that correspond to 5'ESTs and for
 PT diagnostic, forensic, gene therapy and chromosome mapping procedures -
 XX
 PS Claim 1; SEQ ID 10553; 71pp + CD-ROM; English.
 CC
 CC The present sequence is one of a large number of 5' ESTs derived from
 CC mRNAs encoding secreted proteins. No ORF has yet been conclusively
 CC identified within the present sequence. The 5' ESTs were prepared from
 CC total human RNAs or polyA+ RNAs derived from 30 different tissues. EST
 CC sequences usually correspond mainly to the 3' untranslated region (UTR)
 CC of the mRNA because they are often obtained from oligo-dT primed cDNA
 CC libraries. Such ESTs are not well suited for isolating cDNA sequences
 CC derived from the 5' ends of mRNAs and even in those cases where longer
 CC cDNA sequences have been obtained, the full 5' UTR is rarely included.
 CC 5' ESTs are derived from mRNAs with intact 5' ends and can therefore be
 CC used to obtain full length cDNAs and genomic DNAs. 5' ESTs are also used
 CC in diagnostic, forensic, gene therapy and chromosome mapping procedures.
 CC They are used to obtain upstream regulatory sequences and to design
 CC expression and secretion vectors.
 XQ
 XQ Sequence 413 BP; 138 A; 76 C; 103 G; 95 T; 1 other;

Query Match	2.8%	Score 19	DB 21	Length 413
Best Local Similarity	100.0%	Pred. No. 9.6		
Matches 19	Conservative 0	Mismatches 0	Indels 0	Gaps 0
QY	62 tgaagaacctgaagaact 80			
Db	173 tgaagaacctgaagaact 191			
RESULT	6			
ID	AAT03478			
XX	AAT03478 standard; DNA; 1185 BP.			
XX	AAT03478;			
XX	06-JUN-1996 (first entry)			
DE	Transcription factor BTF2 complex p44 subunit gene.			
XX	transcription factor; BTF2; subunit; kinase; ATPase; helicase; Hela; PCR;			
KM	reconstitution; in vitro transcription system; probe; primer; antibody;			
KM	amplification; microsequence; cancer; skin melanoma; xeroderma; UV light;			
XX	Cockayne syndrome; skin pigmentation disorder; sensitivity; ss.			
XX	Homo sapiens.			
OS				
XX	MO9529245-A2.			
PN				
XX	02-NOV-1995.			
XX				
XX	25-APR-1995; 95WO-FR00540.			
PF				
XX	25-APR-1994; 94FR-0004937.			
PR				
XX				
PA	(ASRE-) ASSOC DEV RECH & GENETIQUE MOLECULAIRE.			
XX				
PI	Egly J, Humbert S, Moncollin V;			
XX				
DR	WPI; 1995-382993/49.			
DR	P-PSDB; AAR88225.			
XX				
PT	New protein sub-unit(s) of transcription factor BTF2 - useful for			
PT	treating or diagnosing deficiencies in DNA repair processes			

XX Claim 1; Fig 2; 16pp; French.
 PS
 XX
 CC This is the nucleotide sequence of the transcription factor BNF2 p44
 CC subunit gene. The sequence encodes a protein of 395 amino acids.
 CC The genes for the p34 (AA03477) and p44 subunits were isolated from a
 CC HeLa DNA library in lambda-ZAPII using oligonucleotide probes and
 CC primers based on microsequencing of the purified subunits (e.g.
 CC AA03479-80). Neither the p34 nor the p44 subunits contain any kinase,
 CC ATPase or helicase activity and cannot be used to reconstitute BNF2
 CC activity even with the p62 and p89 BNF2 subunits in an in vitro
 CC transcription system. The proteins can be used to raise antibodies useful
 CC for detecting abnormally low levels of the subunits. The DNA sequences
 CC can be used similarly for DNA levels. The antibodies and probes are
 CC useful in the detection of development of cancer, partic. skin melanoma
 CC but also xeroderma or Cockayne syndrome, skin pigmentation disorders or
 CC sensitivity to UV light.
 CC
 SQ Sequence 1185 BP; 356 A; 220 C; 255 G; 354 T; 0 other;
 XX
 XX
 Query Match 2.8%; Score 19; DB 16; Length 1185;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 9.7;
 Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 OY 62 tgaagaacctgaagaact 80
 Db 6 tgaagaacctgaagaact 24
 RESULT 7
 AAC78156
 ID AAC78156 standard; cDNA; 1816 BP.
 AC AAC78156;
 DT 08-FEB-2001 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Human cancer associated gene sequence SEQ ID NO:550.
 XX
 KW Human; cancer associated gene; cancer antigen; detection; cancer;
 KW diagnosis; cytostatic; proliferative; vulnerability; immunomodulator;
 KW antidiabetic; antiallergic; antirheumatic; antiallergic; antiviral;
 KW antiinflammatory; antithyroid; antiallergic; antibacterial; cardiant;
 KW dermatological; neuroprotective; thrombolytic; coagulant; nocrotic;
 KW vasotropic; antiporiatic; antiangiogenic; gene therapy; inflammation;
 KW immune disorder; hematopoietic cell disorder; autoimmune disorder;
 KW allergic reaction; graft versus host disease; organ rejection;
 KW haemostatic; thrombolytic; cardiovascular disorder; infection;
 KW neurological disease; drug screening; ss.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 XX
 PN WO200055350-A1.
 XX
 PD 21-SEP-2000.
 XX
 PF 08-MAR-2000; 2000MO-US05882.
 XX
 PR 12-MAR-1999; 99US-0124270.
 XX
 PA (HUMA-) HUMAN GENOME SCI INC.
 XX
 PI Rosen CA, Ruben SM;
 XX
 DR WPI; 2000-587533/55.
 DR P-PSDB; AAB43947.
 XX
 PT Novel isolated nucleic acids comprising sequences encoding peptides
 PT useful for treating or diagnosing e.g. cancer -
 XX
 PS Claim 1; Page 1075-1076; 2352pp; English.
 XX

CC AAC77607 to AAC78448 encode the human cancer associated proteins given
 CC in AAB43398 to AAB44239. The proteins can have activities based on the
 CC tissues and cells the genes are expressed in. Example of activities
 CC include: cytostatic; proliferative; vulnerary; immunomodulator;
 CC antidiabetic; antiallergic; antirheumatic; antiallergic; antiviral;
 CC antiinflammatory; antithyroid; antiallergic; antibacterial; cardiant;
 CC dermatological; neuroprotective; cardiant; thrombolytic; coagulant;
 CC nocrotic; vasotropic; antiporiatic and antiangiogenic. The
 CC polynucleotides and polypeptides can be used for preventing, treating or
 CC ameliorating medical conditions and diagnosing pathological conditions.
 CC Polynucleotides, polypeptides, antibodies, agonists and antagonists from
 CC the present invention may be used to treat immune disorders by activating
 CC or inhibiting the proliferation, differentiation or mobilisation of
 CC immune cells, to treat disorders of haematopoietic cells, autoimmune
 CC disorders, allergic reactions, graft versus host disease and organ
 CC rejection, modulate haemostatic or thrombolytic activity, modulate
 CC inflammation, cancers, cardiovascular disorders, neurological disease and
 CC bacterial or viral infections. The peptides, nucleotides, antibodies,
 CC agonists and antagonists may be also be used in drug screens. AAC78449 to
 CC AAC78457 and AAB44240 represent sequences used in the exemplification of
 CC the present invention.
 CC
 SQ Sequence 1816 BP; 561 A; 292 C; 398 G; 563 T; 2 other;
 XX
 XX
 Query Match 2.8%; Score 19; DB 21; Length 1816;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 9.8;
 Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;
 OY 62 tgaagaacctgaagaact 80
 Db 223 tgaagaacctgaagaact 241
 RESULT 8
 AAA75580
 ID AAA75580 standard; DNA; 3072 BP.
 AC AAA75580;
 XX
 DT 22-JAN-2001 (first entry)
 XX
 DE DNA encoding a mouse zalphall ligand polypeptide.
 XX
 KW zalphall ligand; cytokine; haematopoietic cell proliferation; lymphoma;
 KW tumorigenesis; leukaemia; hematopoiesis; B cell tumour; ss.
 XX
 OS Mus musculus.
 XX
 FH KEY Location/Qualifiers
 FT CDS 54..494
 FT /*tag= a
 FT /product= "zalphall"
 FT
 PN WO200053761-A2.
 XX
 PD 14-SEP-2000.
 XX
 PF 09-MAR-2000; 2000MO-US06067.
 XX
 PR 09-MAR-1999; 99US-0264908.
 PR 11-MAR-1999; 99US-0265992.
 PR 01-JUL-1999; 99US-0142013.
 XX
 PA (ZYMO) ZYMOGENETICS INC.
 XX
 PI Novak JE, Presnell SR, Sprecher CA, Foster DC, Holly RD, Gross JA;
 PI Johnston JV, Nelson AJ, Dillon SR, Hammond AK;
 XX
 DR WPI; 2000-565600/52.
 DR P-PSDB; AAB18624.
 XX
 PT New human cytokine, designated zalphall ligand, useful for stimulating
 XX

PT the proliferation and/or development of haematopoietic cells in vitro
PT and in vivo, and for treating tumourigenesis -
PS Disclosure; Page 220-222; 256pp; English.
XX
CC The present sequence encodes a mouse zaiaphall ligand polypeptide,
CC which is a cytokine. The zaiaphall ligand is useful for stimulating the
CC proliferation and development of haematopoietic cells in vitro and in
CC vivo. Zaiaphall ligand polynucleotides can be used as primers or probes
CC for cloning the zaiaphall gene. The zaiaphall ligand is useful for
CC treating tumourigenesis. A zaiaphall ligand-saporin fusion toxin may be
CC used for treating leukemias and lymphomas. Antagonists against zaiaphall
CC ligand are useful as research reagents for characterizing ligand-receptor
CC interaction. Antagonists are also useful for inhibiting expansion,
CC proliferation, activation and differentiation of cells involved in
CC regulating hematopoiesis. The zaiaphall ligand may also be used to
CC stimulate an immune response against B cell tumour, a virus, a parasite
CC or a bacterium. The zaiaphall polypeptides, polynucleotides, antagonists,
CC agonists and antibodies are also useful for the detection, diagnosis,
CC prevention, and treatment of diseases associated with a zaiaphall ligand
CC genetic defect.
XX
SQ Sequence 3072 BP; 925 A; 591 C; 623 G; 933 T; 0 other;

Query Match 2.8%; Score 19; DB 21; Length 3072;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 9.9;
Matches 19; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 535 tctgaagatgcgaatgaa 553
|||||
DB 1257 tctgaagatgcgaatgaa 1275

RESULT 9
AAAX13947
ID AAAX13947 standard; DNA; 811 BP.
XX
AC AAAX13947;
XX
DT 31-MAR-1999 (first entry)
XX
DE H. pylori GHPO 1275 gene.
XX
KM GHPO protein; Helicobacter infection; gastroduodenal disease; gastritis;
KW peptic ulcer disease; ss.
XX
OS Helicobacter pylori.
XX
FH Key Location/Qualifiers
FT CDS 51..764
FT /*tag= a
XX
PN MO9843478-A1.
XX
PD 08-OCT-1998.
XX
PF 01-APR-1998; 98MO-US06371.
XX
PR 29-JUL-1997; 97US-0902615.
PR 01-APR-1997; 97US-0833457.
PR 24-JUN-1997; 97US-0881227.
XX
PA (HUMA-) HUMAN GENOME SCI INC.
PA (INMR-) MERIEUX ORAVAX PASTEUR MERIEUX SERUMS.
XX
PI A1-Garawi A, Kleantous H, Miller C, Oomen RP, Tomb J;
XX
DR WPI; 1998-542293/46.
DR P-PSDB; AAE08228.
XX
PT New isolated Helicobacter polynucleotides - used to develop products
PT for the diagnosis, prevention and treatment of Helicobacter

PT infections and gastrointestinal diseases
XX
PS Claim 1; Page 164-165; 2054pp; English.
XX
CC This sequence represents a polynucleotide of the invention. It was
CC isolated from Helicobacter pylori and encodes a H.pylori GHPO protein.
CC The polypeptides can be used for preventing or treating Helicobacter
CC infections, and gastroduodenal diseases associated with these
CC infections, including acute, chronic, and atrophic gastritis, and peptic
CC ulcer diseases, e.g. gastric and duodenal ulcers. They can also be used
CC for the production of antibodies. The products can also be used for
CC detection and diagnosis.
XX
SQ Sequence 811 BP; 253 A; 146 C; 187 G; 225 T; 0 other;

Query Match 2.6%; Score 18; DB 19; Length 811;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 31;
Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

OY 480 atccacaccttaaat 497
|||||
DB 729 atccacaccttaaat 746

RESULT 10
AAD10125/C
ID AAD10125 standard; cDNA; 2324 BP..
XX
AC AAD10125;
XX
DT 12-SEP-2001 (first entry)
XX
DE Mouse serotransferrin (siderophilin) cDNA.
XX
DE Mouse; cytosolic; antiinflammatory; immunoregulatory; tissue integrity;
KW wound healing; immune response; vaccine; cancer; asthma; allergy;
KW cell trafficking; therapy; secreted protein; serotransferrin;
KW siderophilin; Tf; beta-1-metal binding globulin; transferrin; ss.
XX
OS Mus sp.
XX
FH Key Location/Qualifiers
FT CDS 43..2136
FT /*tag= a
FT /*product= "Mouse serotransferrin (siderophilin)"
XX
PN MO200148192-A1.
XX
PD 05-JUL-2001.
XX
PF 21-DEC-2000; 2000MO-NZ00256.
XX
PR 23-DEC-1999; 99US-0171678.
PR 28-NOV-2000; 2000US-0724864.
XX
PA (GENE-) GENESIS RES & DEV CORP LTD.
XX
PI Watson JD, Murison JG;
XX
DR WPI; 2001-425665/45.
DR P-PSDB; AAE05358.
XX
PT Novel isolated polypeptide useful to isolate corresponding interacting
PT proteins or other compounds, to quantitatively determine levels of
PT interacting proteins or other compounds, and as therapeutic target -
XX
PS Claim 1; Page 61-62; 101pp; English.
XX
CC The patent discloses novel polynucleotides and their corresponding
CC proteins which play a major role in induction of growth, cell migration
CC and proliferation, cell-cell interaction and the differentiation of
CC tissue-specific cells. These proteins are important in the maintenance

of tissue integrity and thus are important in wound healing. They are useful in various assays to determine the biological activity, to raise antibodies, to isolate corresponding interacting proteins or other compounds, to quantitatively determine levels of interacting proteins or other compounds, and as therapeutic target in a whole range of disease states. Compositions comprising the novel proteins of the invention are useful for treating mammalian disorders. Polynucleotides of the invention are useful in genome and physical mapping, in positional cloning of genes, to tag or identify an organism or its reproductive material (as non-disruptive tags for marking organisms), and for the diagnosis and treatment of mammalian diseases which is the consequence of inappropriate expression of kinase genes. They are useful for promoting immune response as part of a vaccine or anti-cancer treatment, as target for cancer treatment, as immunoregulatory and anti-inflammatory molecule, as diagnostic for specific types of cancer and for development of an anti-cancer treatment, and as a target for antagonists in the treatment of diseases such as asthma and allergy. They are also useful to inhibit or enhance the activity of the soluble molecule that binds proteins of the invention, for tissue and neural regeneration, to promote or block cell trafficking, and as anti-inflammatory and/or vaccine adjuvant. The present sequence is a cDNA encoding mouse serotransferrin (siderophilin). Serotransferrin (Tf) also known as beta-1-metal binding globulin is a part of the transferrin family.

	Query March	Similarity	2.6%	Score 18	DB 22	Length 2324
	Best Local	Similarity	100.0%	Pred. No. 31		
	Matches 18	Conservative	0	Mismatches	0	Indels 0
						Gaps 0
QY	274	tcgaatttcagtggttg	291			
db	1538	tcgaatttcagtggttg	1521			

RESULT	11
ID	AA744520/c
XX	AA744520 standard; DNA; 4118 BP.
XX	
AC	AA744520;
XX	
DT	24-FEB-1997 (first entry)
XX	
DE	NTM1 hxuc + hxub gene region.
XX	
KW	Hxuc; Hxub; NTM1; vaccine; genetic immunisation; diagnosis;
KW	meningitis; pneumonia; bacteremia; otitis media; ss.
XX	
OS	Haemophilus influenzae nontypeable strain N182.
XX	
Key	Location/Qualifiers
FT	CDS 142..2301
FT	/tag= a
FT	/product= Hxuc
FT	2376..4073
FT	/tag= b
FT	/product= Hxub
XX	
PN	W09633375-A1.
XX	
PD	24-OCT-1996.
XX	
FF	15-APR-1996; 96WO-US05167.
XX	
PR	20-APR-1995; 95US-0425843.
XX	
PA	(TEXA) UNIV TEXAS SYSTEM.
XX	
PI	Cope LD, Hansen EJ, Hanson MS, Jarosik GP;
XX	
WP1:	1996-485781/48.
DR	P-PSDB; AAW01462, AAW01465.

XX Genes encoding H. influenzae Hxuc and Hxub surface-expressed
PT protein(s) - useful in the prepn. of vaccines for children against
PT H. influenzae infection
XX
PS
XX Claim 12; Page 142-147; 188pp; English.
XX
CC A PCR fragment (AAW44520) obtd. from nontypeable Haemophilus
CC influenzae (NMHI) strain N182 includes 2 open reading frames that
CC respectively encode surface-expressed Hxuc (AAW01462) and Hxub
CC (AAW01465) proteins involved in haem regulation. PCR was performed
CC on genomic DNA using the primers given in AAT44522-23. A similar
CC DNA fragment (AAW44519) coding for NMHI Hxuc (AAW01461) and Hxub
CC (AAW01464) was obtd. from strain TNL06. The genes can be used: to
CC produce recombinant Hxuc and Hxub proteins for use in vaccines; to
CC design probes used to diagnose NMHI infections; and in genetic
CC immunisation to protect against NMHI infection.
XX
XQ Sequence 4118 BP: 1393 A; 720 C; 795 G; 1210 T; 0 other;

	Query March	Similarity	2.6%;	Score 18;	DB 17;	Length 4118;
	Best Local	Similarity	100.0%;	Pred. NO.	32,	Mismatches 18; Conservative 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0.
	Matches	18;	Conservative	0;	Mismatches	0; Indels 0; Gaps 0.
OY	233 caaacagtttcacagt	250				
db	2221 CAACAGCTTTCCAGTG	2204				

CC	system with fragments of the <i>Enterococcus faecalis</i> genome with
CC	primary nucleotide sequences, also known as contigs. The computer-based
CC	AA113938 to AA113919 represent these nucleotide sequences which are
CC	982 nucleotide sequences isolated from the <i>Enterococcus faecalis</i> genome.
CC	A computer readable medium has been developed which has recorded on it
PS	Claim 1; Page 902-905; 2084bp; English.
XX	
PT	infection.
PT	use in vaccines for prevention or attenuation of <i>Enterococcus</i>
PT	- used to develop products for the detection of <i>Enterococcus</i> and
PT	New isolated <i>Enterococcus faecalis</i> polynucleotides and polypeptides
XX	
XX	WPI; 1999-045171/04.
DR	
XX	
PI	Barash SC, Dillon PJ, Kunsch CA;
XX	
XX	(HUMA-) HUMAN GENOME SCI INC.
XX	
PA	
XX	16-MAY-1997; 97US-0046655.
PR	
PR	06-MAY-1997; 97US-0044031.
XX	
XX	14-NOV-1997; 97US-0066009.
XX	
XX	04-MAY-1998; 98WO-US08985.
PE	
XX	
PD	12-NOV-1998.
XX	
PN	WO9850555-A2.
XX	
OS	<i>Enterococcus faecalis</i> .
XX	
XX	attenuation; computer readable medium; ds.
KW	vaccine; attenuation; computer readable medium; ds.
KW	<i>Enterococcus faecalis</i> ; contig; detection; <i>Enterococcal</i> infection;
XX	
XX	<i>Enterococcus faecalis</i> genome contig SEQ ID NO:160.
DE	
XX	
XX	19-MAR-1999 (first entry)
DT	
XX	AA113097;
XX	
AC	AA113097 standard; DNA; 6253 BP.
ID	AA113097
XX	
XX	RESULT 12

CC commercial importance. The products can be used to detect the presence
CC of Enterococcus faecalis in samples. They can also be used for
CC diagnosing Enterococcal infection in an animal and monitoring
CC progression of disease, and for identifying agents which can be used to
CC modulate the growth or pathogenicity of Enterococcus faecalis, or
CC another related organism, in vivo or in vitro. In particular the
CC polypeptides encoded by the Enterococcus faecalis nucleotide sequences
CC can be used in vaccines to prevent or attenuate an Enterococcal
CC infection.
XX
SQ Sequence 6253 BP; 1966 A; 1261 C; 1046 G; 1963 T; 17 other;

Query Match 2.6%; Score 18; DB 20; Length 6253;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 32;
Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 536 gtgaagatgcaatgaaa 553
|||||
DB 4908 gtgaagatgcaatgaaa 4925

RESULT 13
AAZ01425/c
ID AAZ01425 standard; DNA: 1038602 BP.
XX
AC AAZ01425;
XX
DT 07-OCT-1999 (first entry)
XX
DE Complete genome sequence of Chlamydia trachomatis.
XX
KW Vaccine; eye disease; conventional trachoma; nonendemic trachoma;
KW paratrachoma; inclusion conjunctivitis; genital disease; perihepatitis;
KW nongonococcal urethritis; epididymitis; cervicitis; salpingitis;
KW Bartholinitis; pneumopathy; venereal lymphogranulomatosis; ss.
XX
OS Chlamydia trachomatis.
XX
PN MO9928475-A2.
XX
PD 10-JUN-1999.
XX
PF 27-NOV-1998; 98WO-IB01939.
XX
PR 04-NOV-1998; 98US-0107077.
PR 28-NOV-1997; 97FR-0015041.
PR 17-DEC-1997; 97FR-0016034.
XX
PA (GEST) GENSET.
XX
PI Griffiths R;
XX
DR WPI; 1999-371125/31.
XX
PT Genome sequence of Chlamydia trachomatis
XX
PS Claim 1; Page 373-656; 1755pp; English.
XX
CC The present sequence represents the complete genome of Chlamydia
CC trachomatis. Open reading frames (ORFs) of the genome encode
CC polypeptides AA36754-y37949. The polypeptides can be used as vaccines
CC against Chlamydia trachomatis. Antisense and ribozyme sequences can also
CC be used to control growth of the microorganism. Chlamydia trachomatis is
CC responsible for a large number of diseases, e.g. eye diseases such as
CC conventional trachoma, nonendemic trachoma, paratrachoma, and inclusion
CC conjunctivitis; genital diseases such as nongonococcal urethritis;
CC epididymitis, cervicitis, salpingitis, perihepatitis, Bartholinitis;
CC pneumopathy, in breast feeding infants; and venereal
CC lymphogranulomatosis. The polypeptides of the invention may be of use in
CC treating these diseases.
XX
SQ Sequence 1038602 BP; 304265 A; 214645 C; 214259 G; 305001 T; 432 other;

Query Match 2.6%; Score 18; DB 20; Length 1038602;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 34;
Matches 18; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 451 gtgaagctcccaactgcc 468
|||||
DB 964676 GTGAGCTCCCAACGCC 964659

RESULT 14
AA119482/c
ID AA119482 standard; DNA: 156 BP.
XX
AC AA119482;
XX
DT 12-OCT-2001 (first entry)
XX
DE Probe #9415 for gene expression analysis in human cervical cell sample.
XX
KW Probe; human; microarray; gene expression; cervical epithelial cell;
KW cervical cancer; ss.
XX
OS Homo sapiens.
XX
PN MO200157278-A2.
XX
PD 09-AUG-2001.
XX
PF 30-JAN-2001; 2001WO-US00670.
XX
PR 04-FEB-2000; 2000US-0180312.
PR 26-MAY-2000; 2000US-0207456.
PR 30-JUN-2000; 2000US-0608408.
PR 03-AUG-2000; 2000US-0632366.
PR 21-SEP-2000; 2000US-0234687.
PR 27-SEP-2000; 2000US-0236359.
PR 04-OCT-2000; 2000GB-0024263.
XX
PA (MOLE-) MOLECULAR DYNAMICS INC.
XX
PI Penn SG, Hanzel DK, Chen W, Rank DR;
XX
DR WPI; 2001-488901/53.
XX
PT Human genome-derived single exon nucleic acid probes useful for
PT analyzing gene expression in human cervical epithelial cells -
XX
PS Claim 25; SEQ ID No 9415; 487pp; English.
XX
CC The present invention relates to human single exon nucleic acid probes
CC (SENPs). The present sequence is one such probe. The SENPs are derived
CC from human HeLa cells. The SENPs can be used to produce a single exon
CC microarray, which can be used for measuring human gene expression in a
CC sample derived from human cervical epithelial cells. By measuring gene
CC expression, the probes are therefore useful in grading and/or staging
CC of diseases of the cervix, notably cervical cancer.
CC Note: The sequence data for this patent did not form part of the printed
CC specification, but was obtained in electronic format directly from WIPO
CC at ftp.wipo.int/pub/published_pct_sequences.
XX
SQ Sequence 156 BP; 37 A; 43 C; 51 G; 25 T; 0 other;

Query Match 2.5%; Score 17; DB 22; Length 156;
Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 96;
Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 33 ctcacatctccagcag 49
|||||
DB 137 CTCACATCTTCACACAG 121


```

RESULT 15
AAI20472/C
ID AAI20472 standard; DNA; 156 BP.
XX
AC AAI20472;
XX
DT 12-OCT-2001 (first entry)
XX
DE Probe #10405 for gene expression analysis in human cervical cell sample.
XX
KW Probe; human; microarray; gene expression; cervical epithelial cell;
XX cervical cancer; ss.
XX
OS Homo sapiens.
XX
PN WO200157278-A2.
XX
PD 09-AUG-2001.
XX
PF 30-JAN-2001; 2001WO-US00670.
XX
PR 04-FEB-2000; 2000US-0180312.
PR 26-MAY-2000; 2000US-0207456.
PR 30-JUN-2000; 2000US-0608408.
PR 03-AUG-2000; 2000US-0632366.
PR 21-SEP-2000; 2000US-0234687.
PR 27-SEP-2000; 2000US-0236359.
PR 04-OCT-2000; 2000GB-0024263.
XX
PA (MOLE-) MOLECULAR DYNAMICS INC.
XX
PI Penn SG, Hanzel DK, Chen W, Rank DR;
XX
DR WPI; 2001-488901/53.
XX
PT Human genome-derived single exon nucleic acid probes useful for
PT analyzing gene expression in human cervical epithelial cells -
XX
PS Claim 25; SEQ ID No 10405; 487pp; English.
XX
CC The present invention relates to human single exon nucleic acid probes
CC (SENPs). The present sequence is one such probe. The SENPs are derived
CC from human HeLa cells. The SENPs can be used to produce a single exon
CC microarray, which can be used for measuring human gene expression in a
CC sample derived from human cervical epithelial cells. By measuring gene
CC expression, the probes are therefore useful in grading and/or staging
CC of diseases of the cervix, notably cervical cancer.
CC Note: The sequence data for this patent did not form part of the printed
CC specification, but was obtained in electronic format directly from WIPO
CC at ftp.wipo.int/pub/published_pct_sequences.
XX
SQ Sequence 156 BP; 37 A; 43 C; 51 G; 25 T; 0 other;

```

Query Match 2.5%; Score 17; DB 22; Length 156;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 96;
 Matches 17; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

```

QY 33 ctccacatctccagcag 49
   |||||
Db 137 CTCACATCTCCAGCAG 121

```

Search completed: February 26, 2002, 13:25:05
 Job time: 5821 sec

